SAN JOSÉ STATE UNIVERSITY DEPARTMENT OF URBAN AND REGIONAL PLANNING URBP 204: Quantitative Methods SPRING 2020

Instructor(s): Dr. Shishir Mathur

Office Location: WSQ 216E

Telephone: (408) (310-7856)

Email: shishir.mathur@sjsu.edu

Office Hours: By appointment

Class Days/Time: Monday 4:30 pm to 7 pm

Classroom: WSQ 208

Course Catalog Description

Urban research design, measurement, selected statistical research tools and introduction to computer processing. Extensive treatment of survey research.

Course Web Page

Course materials such as syllabus, lecturer notes, assignment instructions, etc. are at: https://sisu.instructure.com/courses/1359998

Course Description

This course is designed to familiarize students with research design and collection and statistical analysis of data for planning and public policy purposes. We will begin with an overview of social science research and then provide opportunity for students to define and conceptualize planning-related research questions and to execute statistical tools that students can use to make inferences from quantitative and qualitative data.

Course Learning Outcomes (CLOs)

This course partially covers the following PAB Knowledge Components:

- 1e) The Future: understanding of the relationships between past, present, and future in planning domains, as well as the potential for methods of design, analysis, and intervention to influence the future.
- 2a) Research: tools for assembling and analyzing ideas and information from prior practice and scholarship, and from primary and secondary sources.
- 2b) Written, Oral and Graphic Communication: ability to prepare clear, accurate and compelling text, graphics and maps for use in documents and presentations.
- 2c) Quantitative and Qualitative Methods: data collection, analysis and modeling tools for forecasting, policy analysis, and design of projects and plans.

Upon successful completion of the course, students will be able to:

- 1) Identify the overall strengths and weaknesses of quantitative, qualitative, experimental, and survey research methods; and assess which research method/s, given resource constraints, are most appropriate for answering a specific research question.
- 2) Develop research questions worthy of informing public policy, and identify the statistical tools appropriate for answering the research question. The tools learned in this class are: Tests between Means of Different Groups, Tests Between Means of Related Groups, ANOVA, Factorial ANOVA, Correlation, One- and Two- Factor Chi Square; Ordinary Least Squares Regression; and Logistic Regression
- 3) Develop survey research questions that conform to conventional best practices in survey design.
- 4) Critically evaluate the strengths and weaknesses of various non-probability and probability-based sampling techniques.
- 5) Present quantitative data and results in text and graphics.
- 6) Identify the policy implications of statistical test results.

Required Texts/Readings

Textbook

There are two required textbooks for this course.

- a) Babbie, Earl R. 2012. *Practice of Social Research*, 13th ed. Belmont: Wadsworth. (ISBN: 9781133049791). A used paperback edition would cost approximately \$30. You may also use the 10th edition of the book.
- b) Salkind, Neil. 2010. *Statistics for People Who (Think They) Hate Statistics, 4th Edition*. Thousand Oaks: Sage. (ISBN: 9781412979597). A new paperback edition would cost approximately \$50.

You may also use the 2nd edition of the book. A used book would cost approximately \$20. You do not need to buy the book that comes with SPSS CD.

Other Readings

There is one recommend textbook for this course.

Agresti, Alan, and Barbara Finlay. 2008. *Statistical Methods for the Social Sciences*, 4th edition. New Jersey: Prentice Hall. (ISBN: 9780130272959).

A paperback edition would cost approximately \$60. You may also use the 3rd edition of the book.

Course Requirements and Assignments

Success in this course is based on the expectation that students will spend, for each unit of credit, a minimum of 45 hours over the length of the course (normally three hours per unit per week) for instruction, preparation/studying, or course related activities, including but not limited to internships, labs, and clinical practica. Other course structures will have equivalent workload expectations as described in the syllabus.

Your grade for the course will be based on six take home exercises, a term project and its presentation, and two engagement unit activities. You will be able to revise and re-submit the take home six exercises and several term project-related assignments and earn up to 75% of the lost points.

	Percent of	
	Course	Course Learning
Assignments	Grade	Objectives Covered
Exercise 1	5%	1
	5%	
Exercises 2 & 3	each	2
	10%	
Exercise 4 & 5	each	2
Exercise 6	5%	1, 3 & 4
Engagement Unit: Profile of a San Jose		
Neighborhood		
Engagement Unit Part 1	15%	2
Engagement Unit Part 2	10%	2
Term Project		2, 3, 5 & 6
Term Project	30%	2, 3, 5 & 6
Term Project Presentation	5%	2, 3, 5 & 6

Due to the relatively large number of assignments in this class and the potential for re-submissions, this class has a tight grading schedule. As a result, late work will not be accepted, except with the instructor's prior permission.

Preparing profile of a San Jose neighborhood and comparing and contrasting your profile with your classmates' will constitute the 1-unit engagement unit. For this 1-unit engagement unit, the instructor will spend an additional 15 hours per semester on activities such as: designing the engagement unit activities and the related assignments, coordinating with community partners to implement the activities, advising students outside of class on a weekly basis as needed, and grading the engagement unit activity assignments.

Final Examination or Evaluation

"In class presentation of Term Project" constitutes the culmination activity for this course. It will take place on the final examination day for this class, which is Monday, May 18, from 5:15 pm to 7:30 pm.

Grading Information

Grades for the course will be assigned based on your percentage of total points earned on all assignments according to the following distribution:

A plus = 100 to 96 A = 95 to 93 points A minus = 92 to 90 points B plus = 89 to 87 points B = 86 to 84 points B minus = 83 to 81 points C plus = 80 to 78 points C = 77 to 73 points C minus = 72 to 70 points D plus = 69 to 67 points D minus = 62 to 60 points F = 59 points or lower

University Policies

Per <u>University Policy S16-9</u> (http://www.sjsu.edu/senate/docs/S16-9.pdf), relevant university policy concerning all courses, such as student responsibilities, academic integrity, accommodations, dropping and adding, consent for recording of class, etc. and available student services (e.g. learning assistance, counseling, and other resources) are listed on <u>Syllabus Information web page</u> (http://www.sjsu.edu/gup/syllabusinfo), which is hosted by the Office of Undergraduate Education. Make sure to visit this page to review and be aware of these university policies and resources.

URBP 204: QUANTITATIVE METHODS Spring 2020 Course Schedule

(Subject to change with fair notice. Instructor will notify students of the changes in the class and by uploading a revised syllabus on the course webpage)

Please note: In the Course Schedule below, the chapter numbers for the Earl Babbie book are as per the 13th Edition. The Chapters numbers for the 13th and the 10th editions are provided at the end of the syllabus. If you buy a different edition, look for the corresponding chapter titles.

Chapter numbers for the Salkind book are as per the 4^{thd} Edition. The Chapters numbers for the 4^{th} and the 2^{nd} editions are provided at the end of the syllabus. If you buy a different edition, look for the corresponding chapter titles.

Chapter numbers for the Agresti and Finlay book are as per the 4^{thd} Edition. The Chapters numbers for the 4th and the 3rd editions are provided at the end of the syllabus. If you buy a different edition, look for the corresponding chapter titles.

Course Schedule

Week 1 (January 27)

Course Overview; Social Research

Required reading:

Earl, Babbie. Ch. 2, 3 and 5

Week 2 (February 3)

Social Research; Census Overview; Descriptive Statistics

Required reading: Salkind, Neil. Ch. 2, 3 and 4

Exercise 1 Introduced

Week 3 (February 10)

Normal Distribution; Hypothesis Testing; T-statistics Required reading: Salkind, Neil. Ch. 7, 8 and 9

Week 4 (February 17)

Tests between Means of Different Groups; Tests Between Means of Related Groups; ANOVA Required reading: Salkind, Neil. Ch. 11, 12 and 13

Exercise 1 Due

Week 5 (February 24)

Tests between Means of Different Groups; Tests Between Means of Related Groups; ANOVA (continued);

Factorial ANOVA; Chi-squared tests; Correlation Required reading: Salkind, Neil. Ch. 14, 15 and 17

Exercise 2 Introduced Neighborhood Profile Memo "A" and "B" Introduced Exercise 1 Graded

Week 6 (March 2)

Factorial ANOVA; Chi-squared tests; Correlation (continued);

Term Project Introduced (Review of Memo A and B; Review of Survey Questionnaire; Review of Survey Data File)

Required reading: Salkind, Neil. Ch. 14, 15 and 17

Exercise 3 Introduced Revised Exercise 1 Due

Week 7 (March 9)

Ordinary Least Squares Regression (OLS)

Recommended Reading: Agresti and Finlay Ch. 9, 10, 11 and 14

Revised Exercise 1 Graded

Exercise 2 Due

Week 8 (March 16)

Ordinary Least Squares Regression (OLS) continued
Recommended Reading: Agresti and Finlay Ch. 9, 10, 11 and 14

Neighborhood Profile Memo "A" Due (also email to the instructor for distribution to classmates for preparing Memo B)

Exercise 4 Introduced

Exercise 3 Due

Exercise 2 Graded

Week 9 (March 23)

Logistic Regression; Review of other Term Project assignments; Discussion of Research Questions Assignment; Lab Time for Exercise 4

Recommended Reading: Agresti and Finlay Ch. 15
Research Questions Assignment Introduced
Exercise 3 Graded
Neighborhood Profile Memo "A" Graded
Revised Exercise 2 Due

Week 10 (March 30) — no class, Spring Break!!!

Week 11 (April 6)

Logistic Regression

Recommended Reading: Agresti and Finlay Ch. 15

Exercise 5 Introduced Exercise 4 Due Neighborhood Profile Memo "B" Due Research Questions Assignment Due Revised Exercise 3 Due Revised Exercise 2 Graded

Week 12 (April 13)

Survey Research; Lab time for Exercise 5 Required reading: Earl, Babbie Ch. 9

Revised Exercise 3 Graded Exercise 4 Graded Neighborhood Profile Memo "B" Graded Research Questions Assignment Graded

Week 13 (April 20)

Survey Research

Required reading: Earl, Babbie Ch. 9

Exercise 5 Due

Revised Exercise 4 Due

Revised Research Questions Assignment Due

Week 14 (April 27)

Experiments and Qualitative Field Research; Lab Time for Term Project Analysis Report

Required reading: Earl, Babbie Ch. 8 and 10

Exercise 6 Introduced Revised Exercise 4 Graded

Revised Research Questions Assignment Graded

Exercise 5 Graded

Week 15 (May 4)

Experiments and Qualitative Field Research Required reading: Earl, Babbie Ch. 8 and 10 Revised Exercise 5 Due

Term Project Analysis Report Due

Week 16 (May 11)

Research Design; Lab Time for Presentation and for Revised Term Project Analysis Report

Required reading: Earl, Babbie Ch. 4 and 6

Term Project Analysis Report Graded

Exercise 6 Due (email at shishir.mathur@sjsu.edu with the following subject line: URBP 204 First Name, Last

Name Exercise 6; hard copy not required); Note: The graded Exercise 6 will be returned via email by May 13

Class 17 (May 18)—Final's exam week. Class meets from 5:15 pm to 7:30 pm

In-Class Presentation of Term Project (presentation guidelines will be handed out a few weeks before)

Revised Term Project Analysis Report Due Revised Exercise 6 Due

Plagiarism and Citing Sources Properly

Plagiarism is the use of someone else's language, images, data, or ideas without proper attribution. It is a very serious offense both in the university and in your professional work. In essence, plagiarism is both theft and lying: you have stolen someone else's ideas, and then lied by implying that they are your own.

Plagiarism will lead to grade penalties and a record filed with the Office of Student Conduct and Ethical Development. In severe cases, students may also fail the course or even be expelled from the university.

If you are unsure what constitutes plagiarism, it is your responsibility to make sure you clarify the issues <u>before</u> you hand in draft or final work.

Learning when to cite a source and when not to is an art, not a science. However, here are some common examples of plagiarism that you should be careful to avoid:

- Using a sentence (or even a part of a sentence) that someone else wrote without identifying the language as a quote by putting the text in quote marks and referencing the source.
- Paraphrasing somebody else's theory or idea without referencing the source.
- Using a picture or table from a webpage or book without reference the source.
- Using data some other person or organization has collected without referencing the source.

The University of Indiana has developed a very helpful website with concrete examples about proper paraphrasing and quotation. See in particular the following pages:

- Overview of plagiarism at www.indiana.edu/~istd/overview.html
- Examples of plagiarism at www.indiana.edu/~istd/examples.html
- Plagiarism quiz at www.indiana.edu/~istd/test.html

If you still have questions, feel free to talk to me personally. There is nothing wrong with asking for help, whereas even unintentional plagiarism is a serious offense.

Citation style

It is important to properly cite any references you use in your assignments. The Department of Urban and Regional Planning uses Kate Turabian's *A Manual for Writers of Research Papers, Theses, and Dissertations*, Ninth edition (University of Chicago Press, 2016, ISBN 978-0226430577). Copies of older editions might be available in the SJSU King Library, which you can use. Additionally, the book is relatively inexpensive, and you may wish to purchase a copy. Please note that Turabian's book describes two systems for referencing materials: (1) "notes" (footnotes or endnotes), plus a corresponding bibliography, and (2) in-text parenthetical references, plus a corresponding reference list. The instructor prefers the latter.

Appendix

Chapter Titles: Babbie 13th edition

- Ch. 1: Human Inquiry and Science
- Ch 2: Paradigms, Theory and Social Research
- Ch 3: The Ethics and Politics of Social Research
- Ch 4: Research Design
- Ch 5: Conceptualization, Operationalization, and Measurement
- Ch 6: Indexes, Scales, and Typologies
- Ch 7: The Logic of Sampling
- Ch 8: Experiments
- Ch 9: Survey Research
- Ch 10: Qualitative Field Research
- Ch 11: Unobtrusive Research
- Ch 12: Evaluation Research
- Ch 13: Qualitative Data Analysis
- Ch 14: Quantitative Data Analysis
- Ch 15: The Logic of Multivariate Analysis
- Ch 16: Statistical Analyses
- Ch 17: Reading and Writing Social Research

Chapter Titles: Babbie 10th edition

- Ch.1: Human Inquiry and Science
- Ch 2: Paradigms, Theory and Social Research
- Ch 3: The Ethics and Politics of Social Research
- Ch 4: Research Design
- Ch 5: Conceptualization, Operationalization, and Measurement
- Ch 6: Indexes, Scales, and Typologies
- Ch 7: The Logic of Sampling
- Ch 8: Experiments
- Ch 9: Survey Research
- Ch 10: Qualitative Field Research
- Ch 11: Unobtrusive Research
- Ch 12: Evaluation Research
- Ch 13: Qualitative Data Analysis Ch 14:

Quantitative Data Analysis Ch 15: The

Elaboration Model

Ch 16: Social Statistics

Ch 17: Reading and Writing Social Research

Chapter Titles: Salkind 4th edition

- Ch 1. Statistics or Sadistics? It's Up to You Part II
- Ch 2. Means to an End: Computing and Understanding Averages
- Ch 3. Vive la Diff,rence: Understanding Variability
- Ch 4. A Picture Really Is Worth a Thousand Words
- Ch 5. Ice Cream and Crime: Computing Correlation Coefficients
- Ch 6. Just the Truth: An Introduction Understanding Reliability and Validity Part III Ch 7.

Hypotheticals and You: Testing Your Questions

Ch 8. Are Your Curves Normal? Probability and Why It Counts Part IV Ch 9.

Significantly Significant: What It Means for You and Me

- Ch 10. Only the Lonely: The One-Sample Z Test
- Ch 11. t(ea) for Two: Tests Between the Means of Different Groups
- Ch 12. t(ea) for Two (Again): Tests Between the Means of Related Groups
- Ch 13. Two Groups Too Many? Try Analysis of Variance
- Ch 14. Two Too Many Factors: Factorial Analysis of Variance
- Ch 15. Cousins or Just Good Friends? Testing Relationships Using the Correlation Coefficient
- Ch 16. Predicting Who'll Win the Super Bowl: Using Linear Regression
- Ch 17. What to Do When You're Not Normal: Chi-Square and Some Other Nonparametric Tests
- Ch 18. Some Other (Important) Statistical Procedures You Should Know About
- Ch 19. A Statistical Software Sampler Part V
- Ch 20. The Ten (or More) Best Internet Sites for Statistics Stuff
- Ch 21. The Ten Commandments of Data Collection

Chapter Titles: Salkind 2nd edition

- Ch 1. Statistics or Sadistics? It's Up to You Part II
- Ch 2. Means to an End: Computing and Understanding Averages
- Ch 3. Vive la Diff, rence: Understanding Variability
- Ch 4. A Picture Really Is Worth a Thousand Words
- Ch 5. Ice Cream and Crime: Computing Correlation Coefficients Part III Ch 6.

Hypotheticals and You: Testing Your Questions

Ch 7. Are Your Curves Normal? Probability and Why It Counts Part IV Ch 8.

Significantly Significant: What It Means for You and Me

- Ch 9. t(ea) for Two: Tests Between the Means of Different Groups
- Ch 10. t(ea) for Two (Again): Tests Between the Means of Related Groups
- Ch 11. Two Groups Too Many? Try Analysis of Variance
- Ch 12. Two Too Many Factors: Factorial Analysis of Variance
- Ch 13. Cousins or Just Good Friends? Testing Relationships Using the Correlation Coefficient
- Ch 14. Predicting Who'll Win the Super Bowl: Using Linear Regression
- Ch 15. What to Do When You're Not Normal: Chi-Square and Some Other Nonparametric Tests

Ch 16. Just the Truth: An Introduction Understanding Reliability and Validity Ch 17. Some Other (Important) Statistical Procedures You Should Know About Ch 18. A Statistical Software Sampler Part V

Ch 19. The Ten Best Internet Sites for Statistics Stuff

Ch 20. The Ten Commandments of Data Collection

Chapter Titles: Agresti and Finlay 4th edition

- Ch 1. Introduction
- Ch 2. Sampling and Measurement
- Ch 3. Descriptive statistics
- Ch 4. Probability Distributions
- Ch 5. Statistical inference: estimation
- Ch 6. Statistical Inference: Significance Tests
- Ch 7. Comparison of Two Groups
- Ch 8. Analyzing Association between Categorical Variables
- Ch 9. Linear Regression and Correlation
- Ch 10. Introduction to multivariate Relationships
- Ch 11. Multiple Regression and Correlation
- Ch 12. Comparing groups: Analysis of Variance (ANOVA) methods
- Ch 13. Combining regression and ANOVA: Quantitative and Categorical Predictors
- Ch 14. Model Building with Multiple Regression
- Ch 15. Logistic Regression: Modeling Categorical Responses
- Ch 16. Introduction to Advanced Topics

Chapter Titles: Agresti and Finlay 3rd edition

- Ch 1. Introduction
- Ch 2. Sampling and Measurement
- Ch 3. Descriptive statisticsCh 4. Probability Distributions
- Ch 5. Statistical inference: estimation
- Ch 6. Statistical Inference: Significance Tests
- Ch 7. Comparison of Two Groups
- Ch 8. Analyzing Association between Categorical Variables
- Ch 9. Linear Regression and Correlation
- Ch 10. Introduction to multivariate Relationships
- Ch 11. Multiple Regression and Correlation
- Ch 12. Comparing groups: Analysis of Variance methods
- Ch 13. Combining regression and ANOVA: Analysis of Covariance
- Ch 14. Model Building with Multiple Regression
- Ch 15. Logistic Regression: Modeling Categorical Responses
- Ch 16. Introduction to Advanced Topics